Technic data sheet | Alkoxy Silanes



CG-N823 n-Octyltriethoxysilane

Chemical Structure:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{OC}_2\text{H}_5 \\ & & \\ & & \\ \text{n-C}_8\text{H}_{17} ---- & \text{Si} ---- & \text{OC}_2\text{H}_5 \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

The Equivalent Products to other Manufacturers:

GE	Dowcorning	ShinEtsu	Degussa	Chisso
A-137	Z-6341	N.A	OCTEO	N.A

Typical Physical Properties

Product No.: CG-N823

Chemical Name: n-Octyltriethoxysilane

CAS No.: 2943-75-1

EINECSNo.: 220-941-2

Formula: C₁₄H₃₂O₃Si

Appearance: Colorless transparent liquid

Density(ρ 20, g/cm3): 0.8790 \pm 0.0050 Refractive Index(n25D): 1.4170 \pm 0.0050

Purity 98%

Applications:

Commercial buildings
Parking decks/garages

Highways

Bridge structures

Filler modification

Description

CG-N823 Silane ishigh purity, undiluted Noctyltriethoxy-silane. Whendiluted with an appropriate solvent, it can be used in the formulation of water repellent products. Upon proper application, the formulated product will penetrate and provide water repellency by chemically reacting with the cementitious substrate. Treated substrates are hydro-phobic and retain their original appearance.

CG-N823 Silane can also be used to improve the compatibility of mineral fillers or pigments in polyolefins or to ease their dispersion in nonpolar matrices.

Xizou Economic Development Zone Industrial Park, Qufu, Shandong, China

Tel: 86-537-4631088 Fax: 86-537-4631369 www.silanechem.com sales@silanechem.com







CG-N823 Silane is a small molecule to allow for deep penetration into the cementitious surface. This material reacts with moisture in the air and n the substrate in the presence of an alkaline or acidic environment to produce hydroxy groups. These hydroxy groups will bond with the substrate and tself to produce a hydrophobic

treatment that inhibits water absorption into the substrate. An alkaline environment, such as new concrete, will

catalyze the reaction and speed the formation of the hydrophobic surface.

HOW TO USE

Dilution

CG-N823 Silane can be diluted in solvents such as alcohols, chlorinated solvents, aliphatic solvents and low molecular weight cyclic polydimethylsiloxane such as CG-D4 Cyclotetrasiloxane before use. Typical dilution

levels are 40 percent and 20 percent CG-N823 Silane in a solvent.

Blends of the solvents can also be used. The evaporation rate of the diluted material can be modified depending on the type and concen-tration of the solvent. Select the proper solvent for your application, as some silane/solvent blends may darken the surface. Refer to the manufacturer's data sheet for proper

handling and disposal of solvents.

Application

Methods of application include airless sprayer, roller and brush. When a brush or roller is used, repeated applications should be made until the surface remains moist for a few minutes. If an airless sprayer is used, application should continue until the substrate is thoroughly saturated. Sprayers should be fitted with solvent

resistant hoses and gaskets.

A test application is necessary on each surface to be treated to ensure compatibility and the desired water repellent result. Surfaces should be free of standing water, surface dirt,dust, oils and other contaminants. Formulated CG-N823 Silane may be applied to damp surfaces although dry surfaces are preferred to achieve

maximum penetration into the substrate.

Packing:

210LIron Drum: 180kg/drum

1000L IBCContainer: 850kg/container





